



### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

To the Ratepayers of

Rural Municipality of Leask No. 464:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The preparation of the statements necessarily includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgments and estimates by management is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fair presentation of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting, budget and other related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized and accurately recorded, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements.

The Council is composed of elected officials who are not employees of the Municipality. The Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Council fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by the administration and discussing relevant matters with external auditors. The Council is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Municipality's external auditors.

Jensen Stromberg Chartered Professional Accountants, an independent firm of Chartered Professional Accountants, is appointed by the Council to audit the financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Council and administration to discuss their audit findings.

Reeve

Administrator





Bill Jensen, CPA, CA\*
Tyler Olafson, CPA, CA\*
Jared Udchic, CPA\*
Dylan Peace, CPA\*

\*denotes professional corporation

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Reeve and Council of the Rural Municipality of Leask No. 464

Report on the Financial Statements

**Oualified Opinion** 

We have audited the financial statements of the Rural Municipality of Leask No. 464, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and the statements of financial activities, changes in net financial assets, changes in financial position, and remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Rural Municipality as at **December 31, 2023** and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Under PSAS, the Rural Municipality was required to adopt a new accounting standard, PS 3280 - Asset Retirement Obligations. This new accounting standard required the Rural Municipality to record present liabilities for future expenditures with respect to legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets. The Rural Municipality was unable to obtain and provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the completeness and valuation of these potential liabilities and the required disclosures. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments were necessary to the presented amount of liabilities, accumulated surplus (deficit), expenditures, or surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Rural Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Rural Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the use of the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Rural Municipality or cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Rural Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

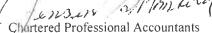
Suite 300-165 3rd Avenue South, Saskatoon SK S7K 1L8 T: (306) 665-8191 F: (306) 665-1415

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Rural Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Rural Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements, or if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Rural Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan June 12, 2024





Statement 1

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

### December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

	1 0			
	ASSETS		<u>2023</u>	2022
Financial assots:	ASSETS			
Financial assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 3) Taxes receivable - Municipal (Note 4) Other accounts receivable (Note 5) Assets held for sale Long-term receivables (Note 6) Debt charges recoverable Other		\$	896,315 478,063 89,538 25,340 - 95,624	1,060,996 101,397 119,273 43,114 2,472 85,507
Total financial assets			1,584,880	1,412,759
	<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Bank indebtedness (Note 7)			-	-
Accounts payable			190,213	152,231
Accrued liabilities payable			-	10.061
Deposits			18,261	18,261
Deferred revenue Asset retirement obligations (Note 8)			30,000	30,000
Liability for contaminated sites			-	-
Other liabilities			_	-
Long-term debt (Note 9)			638,481	203,739
Lease obligations (Note 10)		_	2,969	4,419
Total liabilities		:-	879.924	408,650
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)			704,956	1,004,109
Non-financial assets:				
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6, 7)			4,661,796	4,396,449
Prepaid and deferred charges			1,031	1,409
Stock and supplies			327,558	180,069
Total non-financial assets		_	4,990,385	4,577,927
Accumulated surplus (deficit)		\$_	5.695,341	5,582.036
Accumulated surplus (deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remer (Schedule 8) Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses) (S			5,695,341	5,582,036 -
Contingent liabilities (Note 11)				

### APPROVED ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL:

Reeve Councillor



### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

			<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
Revenues:					
Tax revenue	(Schedule 1)	\$	1,955,680	1,915,191	1,665,619
Other unconditional revenue	(Schedule 1)		645,970	649,978	564,422
Fees and charges	(Schedule 4, 5)		94,300	173,633	116,709
Conditional grants	(Schedule 4, 5)		12,000	11,883	14,585
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	(Schedule 4, 5)		-	79,703	-
Land sales - gain (loss)	(Schedule 4, 5)		-	(2,461)	5,278
Investment income (Note 3)	(Schedule 4, 5)		3,000	21,769	1,088
Commissions	(Schedule 4, 5)		-	-	-
Restructurings	(Schedule 4, 5)		-	-	-
Other revenues	(Schedule 4, 5)		6.720	9,199	15,287
Provincial/Federal capital grants and contributions	(Schedule 4, 5)	-	86.680	85.016	87.077
Total Revenues			2,804,350	2,943,911	2,470,065
Expenditures:					
General government services	(Schedule 3)		437,900	433,894	371,055
Protective services	(Schedule 3)		103,900	114,951	93,863
Transportation services	(Schedule 3)		1,916,750	2,126,590	1,908,590
Environmental and public health services	(Schedule 3)		50,600	54,880	39,266
Planning and development services	(Schedule 3)		10,000	9,860	46,101
Recreation and cultural services	(Schedule 3)		85,420	90,431	83,499
Utility services	(Schedule 3)		-	-	-
Restructurings	(Schedule 3)		_	-	
Total Expenditures		-	2,604,570	2.830.606	2.542.374
Surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures			199,780	113,305	(72,309
Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasuremen beginning of year	t gains (losses),	-	5,582,036	5,582,036	5.654.345
Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasurement end of year	t gains (losses),	\$_	5,781,816	5,695,341	5,582,036



### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

		2023 Budget	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
Surplus (deficit)	\$	199,780	113,305	(72,309)
(Acquisition) of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Transfer of assets/liabilities in restructuring transactions	_	(158,000) - - - -	(803,043) 493,199 124,200 (79,703)	(431,095) 503.865 - -
Surplus (deficit) of capital expenses over expenditures	_	(158,000)	(265,347)	72,770
(Acquisition) of supplies inventories (Acquisition) of prepaid expenses Consumption of supplies inventories Use of prepaid expenses	_	- - -	(353,437) (20) 205,949 399	(181,166) (1,409) 94,245 
Surplus (deficit) of expenses of other non-financial over expenditures	=	(158,000)	(147,109)	(87.267)
Unrealized remeasurement gains (losses)			-	
Increase (decrease) in Net Financial Assets		(116,220)	(299,151)	(86,806)
Net Financial Assets (Debt) - Beginning of the year	-	1.004,109	1,004,109	1,090,915
Net Financial Assets (Debt) - End of year	\$	887,889	704.958	_1,004,109



### Statement 4

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

Cash provided by (used in) the following activities:		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Operating: Surplus (deficit) Amortization Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	\$	113,305 493,199 (79,703)	(72.309) 503.865
2000 (gam) en diopoem et tanget i enpire autori	=	526,801	431,556
Change in assets/liabilities  Taxes receivable - Municipal Other accounts receivable Assets held for sale Other financial assets Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Deposits Deferred revenue Asset retirement obligations Liability for contaminated sites Other liabilities		29,736 17,775 2,471 - 37,979 - -	70,714 23,765 11,805 - 5,434 - -
Stock and supplies Prepayments and deferred charges Other	_	(147,488) 379	(86,921) (346)
Net cash from operations		467.653	456,007
Capital:  Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets  Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets  Other capital		(803,043) 124,200	(431,095)
Net cash used for capital	=	(678.843)	(431,095)
Investing:  Decrease (increase) in restricted cash Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments	-	(386,783)	- - 18,990
Net cash from (used for) investing	_	(386,783)	18,990
Financing activities:  Debt charges recovered  Long-term debt issued  Long-term debt repaid  Other financing	_	522,059 (87,317) (1,450)	- 203,739 (1,408)
Net cash from financing	-	433,292	202,331
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(164,681)	246,233
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1.060.996	814,763
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year (Note 2)	\$_	896,315	1,060,996



Statement 5

### STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS AND LOSSES

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), beginning of year	\$	<del>-</del>
Unrealized gains (losses)		
Derivatives	-	~
Equity investments measured at fair value	-	-
Foreign exchange	-	-
Reclassified to the Statement of Financial Activities		
Derivatives	-	<u></u>
Equity investments measured at fair value	-	-
Foreign exchange		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		-
Net remeasurement gains (losses)	-	<u> </u>
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), end of year	\$	



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Municipality are prepared by management in accordance with the local government accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board. Significant aspects of the accounting policies are as follows:

### (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

### (b) Reporting Entity

The financial statements consolidate the assets, liabilities and flow of resources of the Municipality. The entity is comprised of all organizations owned or controlled by the Municipality and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

### **Partnerships**

A partnership represents a contractual arrangement between the Municipality and a party or parties outside the reporting entity. The partners have significant, clearly defined common goals, make a financial investment in the partnership, share control of decision making, and share, on an equitable basis, the significant risks and benefits associated with the operations of the partnership.

### (c) Collection of Funds for Other Authorities

Collection of funds by the Municipality for the school board, municipal hail and conservation and development authorities are collected and remitted in accordance with the relevant legislation. The amounts collected are disclosed in Note 4.

### (d) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized as either expenditures or revenues in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, as long as:

- a) the transfer is authorized;
- b) eligibility criteria have been met by the recipient; and
- c) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made

Unearned government transfer amounts received but not earned will be recorded as deferred revenue. Earned government transfer amounts not received will be recorded as an amount receivable.

### (e) Other (Non-Government Transfer) Contributions

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or in the year the funds are committed to the Municipality if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are deferred until the resources are used for the purpose specified, at which time the contributions are recognized as revenue. In-kind contributions are recorded at their fair value when they are received.

### (f) Deferred Revenue - Fees and Charges

Certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

### (g) Local Improvement Charges

Local improvement projects financed by frontage taxes recognize any prepayment charges as revenue in the period assessed.



6.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (h) Net Financial Assets

Net financial assets at the end of an accounting period are the net amount of financial assets less liabilities outstanding. Financial assets represent items such as cash and those other assets on hand which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. These include realizable assets which are convertible to cash and not intended for consumption in the normal course of operations.

### (i) Non-Financial Assets

Tangible capital and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the government because they can be used to provide government services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the government unless they are sold.

### (j) Appropriated Reserves

Reserves are established at the discretion of Council to designate surplus for future operating and capital transactions. Amounts designated are described on Schedule 8.

### (k) Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is based on assessments determined in accordance with Saskatchewan Legislation and the formulas, principles, and rules in the Saskatchewan Assessment Manual. Tax mill rates are established annually by Council following the guidance of the Government of Saskatchewan. Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

### (l) Financial Instruments

Derivative and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are carried at fair value. All other financial instruments are measured at cost or amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized initially net of transaction costs with interest income recognized using the effective interest rate method. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of financial activities when there is an other than temporary decline in value.

Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of financial activities. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the statement of financial activities.

**Long-term debt:** Long-term debt is initially recognized net of premiums, discounts, and transaction costs and is measured at amortized cost with interest expense recognized using the effective interest rate method.

**Long-term receivables:** Receivables with terms longer than one year have been classified as other long-term receivables.

### **Measurement of Financial Instruments:**

The Municipality's financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Cost and amortized cost

Investments Fair value and cost/amortized cost

Other accounts receivable Cost and amortized cost

Long-term receivables Amortized cost
Debt charges recoverable Amortized cost

Bank indebtedness Amortized cost

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Cost Deposit liabilities Cost

Long-term debt Amortized cost



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (m) Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies expected to be used by the Municipality are valued at the lower of cost or replacement cost. Inventories of land, materials and supplies held for resale are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of the inventory in the ordinary course of business.

### (n) Tangible Capital Assets

All tangible capital asset acquisitions or betterments made throughout the year are recorded at their acquisition cost. Initial costs for tangible capital assets that were acquired and developed prior to 2009 were obtained via historical cost information or using current fair market values discounted by a relevant inflation factor back to the point of acquisition. Donated tangible capital assets received are recorded at their fair market value at the date of the contribution. The tangible capital assets that are recognized at a nominal value are disclosed on Schedule 6. The costs of these tangible capital assets less any residual value are amortized over the asset's useful life using the straight-line method of amortization. The Municipality's tangible capital asset useful lives are estimated as follows:

Asset	<u>Useful Life</u>
General Assets	
Land	Indefinite
Land improvements	5 to 20 years
Buildings	10 to 50 years
Vehicles and equipment	
Vehicles	5 to 10 years
Machinery & Equipment	5 to 10 years
Infrastructure Assets	
Water and sewer	30 to 75 years
Road network assets	30 to 75 years

Government contributions: Government contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as capital revenue and do not reduce the cost of the related asset.

Works of art and other unrecognized assets: Assets that have a historical or cultural significance, which include works of art, monuments and other cultural artifacts are not recognized as tangible capital assets because a reasonable estimate of future benefits associated with this property cannot be made.

Capitalization of interest: The Municipality does not capitalize interest incurred while a tangible capital asset is under construction.

Leases: All leases are recorded on the financial statements as either a capital or operating lease. Any lease that transfers the majority of benefits and risk associated with the leased asset is classified as a capital lease. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and a payment obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the asset's fair market value. Assets under capital leases are amortized on a straight line basis, over their estimated useful lives (lease term). Any other lease not meeting the before-mentioned criteria is classified as an operating lease and rental payments are expensed as incurred.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (o) Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations represent the legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset that results from its acquisition, construction, development, or normal use. The tangible capital assets include but are not limited to assets in productive use, assets no longer in productive use, and leased tangible capital assets.

The liability associated with an asset retirement obligation is measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date to the extent that all recognition criteria are met. Asset retirement obligations are only recognized when there is a legal obligation for the Municipality to incur costs in relation to a specific tangible capital asset, when the past transaction or event causing the liability has already occurred, when economic benefits will need to be given up in order to remediate the liability and when a reasonable estimate of such amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to the remediation of the asset retirement obligation, based on the most reliable information that is available as at the applicable reporting date. Where cash flows are expected over future periods, the liability is recognized using the present value method.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding adjustment to the related tangible capital asset is also recognized. Through the passage of time in subsequent reporting periods, the carrying value of the liability is adjusted to reflect accretion expenses incurred in the current period. This expense ensures that the time value of money is considered when recognizing outstanding liabilities at each reporting date. The capitalized asset retirement cost within tangible capital assets is also simultaneously depreciated on the same basis as the underlying asset to which it relates.

At remediation, the Municipality derecognizes the liability that was established. In some circumstances, gains or losses may be incurred upon settlement related to the ongoing measurement of the liability and corresponding estimates that were made and are recognized in the statement of financial activities.

### (p) Liability for Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all the following criteria are met:

- a) an environmental standard exists;
- b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- c) the Municipality:
  - i. is directly responsible; or
  - ii. accepts responsibility;
- d) it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The Municipality does not have any contaminated sites.

### (q) Employee Benefit Plans

Contributions to the Municipality's defined benefit plans are expensed when contributions are made. Under the defined benefit plan, the Municipality's obligations are limited to its contributions.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (r) Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period.

Measurement uncertainty impacts the following financial statement areas:

- a) Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.
- b) The measurement of materials and supplies are based on estimates of volume and quality.
- c) The 'Opening asset costs' of tangible capital assets have been estimated where actual costs were not available.
- d) Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets.
- e) The liability associated with asset retirement obligations are measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date, the discount rate, and inflation.
- f) Measurement of financial instruments at fair value and recognition and measurement of impairment of financial instruments requires the use of significant management estimates.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known.

### (s) Basis of Segmentation/Segment Report

The Municipality follows the Public Sector Accounting Board's recommendations requiring financial information to be provided on a segmented basis. Municipal services have been segmented by grouping activities that have similar service objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment. Interest is allocated to functions based on the purpose of specific borrowing.

These segments (functions) are as follows:

**General Government:** The general government segment provides for the administration of the Municipality.

Protective Services: Protective services is comprised of expenses for police and fire protection.

**Transportation Services:** The transportation services segment is responsible for the delivery of public works services related to the development and maintenance of roadway systems and street lighting.

**Environmental and Public Health:** The environmental segment provides waste disposal and other environmental services. The public health segment provides for expenses related to public health services in the Municipality.

**Planning and Development:** The planning and development segment provides for neighbourhood development and sustainability.

Recreation and Culture: The recreation and culture segment provides for community services through the provision of recreation and leisure services.

Utility Services: The utility services segment provides for the delivery of water, collecting and treating of wastewater and providing collection and disposal of solid waste.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (t) Assets Held for Sale

The Municipality records assets held for sale when the Municipality is committed to selling the asset, the asset is in a condition to be sold, the asset is publicly seen to be for sale, there is an active market for the asset, there is a plan in place for selling the asset, and the sale is reasonably anticipated to be completed within one year of the financial statement date.

### (u) Loan Guarantees

Loan guarantees provided by the Municipality for various organizations are not consolidated as part of the Municipality's financial statements. As the guarantees represent potential financial commitments for the Municipality, these amounts are considered contingent liabilities and are not formally recognized as liabilities until the Municipality considers it likely for the borrower to default on its obligation and the amount of the liability can be estimated. The Municipality monitors the status of the organizations annually and in the event that payment by the Municipality is likely to occur, a provision will be recognized in the financial statements.

### (v) New Standards and Amendments to Standards: effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023

PS 3160, Public Private Partnerships, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on partnerships between public and private sector entities. Specifically those in which the entity in the public sector procures infrastructure in conjunction with a private sector entity. In these scenarios the private sector entity must have obligations to design, build, acquire or improve existing infrastructure. Furthermore they must also finance the transaction past the point in which the asset is initially ready for use along with operating and/or maintaining such on an ongoing basis. The standard applies to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

PS 3400, Revenue, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on revenue. The standard provides a framework for recognizing, measuring and reporting revenues that arise from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. Performance obligations are enforceable promises to provide specific goods or services to a specific payer. The standard is mandatory for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023. Earlier adoption is permitted. The standard may be adopted retroactively or prospectively.

**PSG-8, Purchased Intangibles**, provides guidance on accounting for and reporting on purchased intangibles. It provides clarity on the recognition criteria, along with instances of assets that would not meet the definition of such. The standard may be adopted retroactively or prospectively.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**December 31, 2023** 

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (w) New Accounting Policies Adopted During the Year

PS 3450 Financial Instruments, a new standard establishing guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments, including derivatives. The standard requires fair value measurement of derivatives and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market; all other financial instruments can be measured at cost/amortized cost or fair value at the election of the government. Unrealized gains and losses are presented in a new statement of remeasurement gains and losses. There is the requirement to disclose the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and clarification is given for the de-recognition of financial liabilities.

**PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations**, a new standard establishing guidance on the accounting and reporting of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets controlled by a government or government organization. A liability for a retirement obligation can apply to tangible capital assets either in productive use or no longer in productive use. As this standard includes solid waste landfill sites active and post-closing obligations, upon adoption of this new standard, existing Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability section PS 3270 will be withdrawn.

The Municipality has chosen to adopt this standard using the following method:

**Prospective application:** During the year, the Municipality adopted this new accounting standard using the prospective application method. Prior to this, the Municipality recognized a liability using Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability section PSAS 3270. The change of accounting policy has not impacted the comparative figures of these financial statements.

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash	\$	896,315	1,060,996
Short-term investments		-	-
Restricted cash	:		-
	\$	896,315	1.060.996

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks, less outstanding cheques and plus outstanding deposits, and short-term deposits with maturities of three months or less.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### December 31, 2023

### 3. INVESTMENTS

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Investments carried at fair value:  Equity investments quoted in an active market Portfolio investments	\$	- -	-
Investments carried at amortized cost:  Term notes and deposits  Government/government guaranteed bonds	_	478.063	101,397
Total investments	\$	478.063	101.397

Term notes and deposits have effective interest rates of 2.75% to 3.75% (2022: 3.45%) with maturity dates from March 2024 to November 2024.

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Investment income:			
Interest	\$	21,769	1,088
Dividends		-	-
Realized gains (losses) previously recognized in the statement			
of remeasurement		-	-
Realized gains (losses) on disposal		-	-
Impairment charges		-	-
Net settlement on derivative financial instruments		-	-
Income from portfolio investments	-	_=	
	\$	21,769	1,088



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

### 4. TAXES AND GRANTS IN LIEU RECEIVABLE

			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Municip	al: - Current - Arrears	\$	62,283 27,255 89,538	88,644 30,629 119,273
	Less: allowance for uncollectibles			
Total mu	ınicipal taxes receivable	_	89,538	119,273
School:	- Current - Arrears	_	24.031 10.459	37,279 10,883
Total tax	tes to be collected on behalf of School Divisions		34,490	48.162
Other:	- Current - Arrears		792	14
Total otl	ner collections receivable		792	14
	tes and grants in lieu receivable or to be collected on of other organizations		124,820	167,449
	axes receivable to be collected on behalf of other izations	-	(35,282)	(48,176)
Total tax	ces receivable - Municipal	\$	89,538	119.273
5. OTHER	R ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE			
			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Provinci	government al government overnment	\$	17,687 - - - 7,653	37,842 - - - 5,272
	ner accounts receivable owance for uncollectibles	· <u></u>	25,340	43,114
Net othe	r accounts receivable	\$	25,340	43,114
6. LONG-	TERM INVESTMENTS			
			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Sask A	ssoc. of Rural Municipalities - Self Insurance Fund	\$	95,624	85,507

### 7. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

### **Credit Arrangements**

At December 31, 2023, the Municipality had a line of credit totaling \$450,000, none of which was drawn.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

### 8. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Estimated total liability	\$ 30,000	30,000

Landfill - Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with The Environmental Management and Protection Act and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping of ground water, methane gas and leachate management, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over an extended period using the best information that is available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expense, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### December 31, 2023

### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

The authorized debt limit for the Municipality is \$1,742,421. The authorized debt limit for a Municipality is the total amount of the Municipality's own source revenues for the preceding year (the Municipalities Act section 161(1)). The incremental debt above the debt limit authorized in the Municipalities Act is approved by the Saskatchewan Municipal Board.

Debenture debt:

Debenture debt:			2023	2022
Municipal Financing Corporation of Saskatew in semi-annual payments of \$58,958 including matures 2028; secured by equipment with a ne	g interes	it at 4.55%,	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
\$588,542.	et uook	value of	\$522,059	
			\$ 522,059	-
Future principal and interest payments are as	follows:	;		
Year		Principal	Interest	<b>Current Total</b>
2024	\$	95,234	22,683	117,917
2025		99,617	18,300	117,917
2026		104,201	13,716	117,917
2027		108,996	8,921	117,917
2028		114,011	3,906	117,917
Thereafter	-			-
Balance	\$	522,059	67,526	589,585
Bank loans:				
			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Royal Bank of Canada loan, payable in month				
\$7,276 including principal and interest at 3.65 2025; secured by equipment with a net book v			\$116.422	203,739
			\$116,422	203,739
Future principal and interest payments are as	follows	:		
Year	J	Principal	Interest	<b>Current Total</b>
2024	\$	85,657	2,783	88,440
2025	<b>T</b>	30,765	243	31,008
2026		=		,
2027		_	_	_
2028		_	_	_
		-	-	_
Thereafter	_		·	·
Balance	\$	116,422	3,026	119.448



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### December 31, 2023

### 10.LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the balance of the obligation due under capital leases are as follows:

2024	\$	1,565
2025	_	1.503
Total future minimum lease payments		3,068
Amounts representing interest at a weighted average rate of 3%		(99)
Capital lease liability	\$	2,969

### 11.CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Municipality is contingently liable under terms of the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities Self-Insurance Plan for its proportionate share of claims and future claims in excess of the Plan's reserve fund.

### 12.PENSION PLAN

The Municipality is an employer member of the Municipal Employee Pension Plan (MEPP), which is a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan. The Commission of MEPP, representing plan member employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The Municipality's pension expense in 2023 was \$49,592 (2022 - \$44,974). The benefits accrued to the Municipality's employees from MEPP are calculated using the following: pensionable years of service, highest average salary, and the plan accrual rate.

Total current service contributions by the Municipality to MEPP in 2023 were \$49,592 (2022 - \$44,974). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Municipality to MEPP in 2023 were \$49,592 (2022 - \$44,974).

Based on the latest information available (December 31, 2023 Audited Financial Statements) the Municipal Employees Pension Plan had a surplus in the net assets available for benefits of \$1,161,337,000. This is based on the most recent actuarial valuation, completed December 31, 2022. The Rural Municipality's portion of this is not readily determinable.

### 13.TRUSTS ADMINISTERED BY THE MUNICIPALITY

A summary of trust fund activity by the Municipality during the year is as follows:

Green Fund	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 44,678	57,066
Interest	500	1,212
Expenditures	(13.500)	(13.600)
Balance, end of year	\$31,678	44.678



### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

### 14.BUDGET

The Financial Plan (Budget) adopted by Council on June 22, 2023 was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results. The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while Public Sector Accounting Standards require a full accrual basis. The budgeted surplus does not include amounts budgeted for capital purchases, transfers from reserves, or principle repayments of debt. As a result, the budget figures presented in the statements of operations and change in net financial assets include the following adjustments:

		<u>2023</u>
Budget net surplus	\$	3,780
Add: Investment in tangible capital assets Debt - principal repayments		158,000 88.000
Less: Transfer from reserves	-	(50,000)
Budget surplus per statement of financial activities	\$	199.780

### 15.RISK MANAGEMENT

Through its financial assets and liabilities, the Municipality is exposed to various risks.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge their responsibilities with respect to the financial instrument, and in doing so, cause a loss for the other party. The Municipality is mainly exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and taxes and other accounts receivable. It is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant credit risk as its cash is held by financial institutions with high credit ratings, and a significant portion of its taxes and other accounts receivable can be collected through tax enforcement procedures.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Municipality will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they fall due. The Municipality undertakes regular cash flow analyses to ensure that there are sufficient cash resources to meet all obligations. The Municipality is mainly exposed to liquidity risk with respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk.

- Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The financial instruments that potentially subject the Municipality to interest rate risk consist of long-term debt and investments.
- Currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in currency fluctuations. The Municipality is not subject to currency risk.
- Other price risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the fair value of equity investments. The Municipality is not subject to other price risk.



### SCHEDULE OF TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL REVENUES

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

		2023 Budget	2023 <u>Actual</u>	2022 Actual
TAXES				
General municipal tax levy	\$	2,023,130	2,001,063	1,733,832
Abatements and adjustments		(4,000)	(6,751)	(5,607)
Discount on current year taxes		(75.700)	(90.164)	(78,125)
Net municipal taxes		1,943,430	1,904,148	1,650,100
Potash tax share		-	-	-
Trailer license fees		-	-	-
Penalties on tax arrears		12,250	11,043	15,519
Special tax levy		-	-	-
Other	-	-		
Total Taxes	-	1,955.680	1,915,191	1,665,619
UNCONDITIONAL GRANTS				
Revenue sharing		620,330	620,328	538,374
Organized Hamlet		10,020	11,217	10,021
Other			<del>-</del>	<del></del>
Total Unconditional Grants	-	630,350	631,545	548,395
GRANTS IN LIEU OF TAXES				• • • •
Federal		-	333	289
Provincial			9	
S.P.C. Electrical		-	-	-
Sask. Energy Gas		- 020	- 016	- 016
TransGas		820	816	816
Central Services		2 900	4 402	2 901
Sasktel		3,800	4,493 12,791	3,801 11,121
Other (TLE/Specific Claims) Local/Other		11,000	12,791	11,141
			_	_
Housing Authority C.P.R. Mainline		-	_	_
Treaty Land Entitlement		_	_	_
Other		_	_	_
Other Government Transfers				
S.P.C. Surcharge		_	••	_
Sask Energy Surcharge		-	-	-
Other		-	_	_
Total Grants in Lieu of Taxes	-	15,620	18,433	16.027
TOTAL TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL				
REVENUE	\$_	2,601,650	2,565,169	2,230,041



### SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

with comparative figure	es for 2022		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	Budget	Actual	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Custom work	\$ 7,500	5,445	10,256
Sales of supplies	3.800	12,032	4,505
Other (donations, trailer park licenses, misc.)	8.500	36.068	4.059
Total Fees and Charges	19,800	53,545	18.820
	17,800		10.020
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	79.703	
Land sales - gain (loss)	-	(2.461)	5.278
Investment income	3.000	21.769	1.088
Commissions	-	-	-
Other	-	<del></del>	-
Total other segmented revenue	22,800	152.556	25.186
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	-	-	-
Other			
Total Conditional Grants	-		•
Total Operating	22.800	152,556	25,186
	22.000	1551550	25.100
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	•	-
Other	-		-
Total Capital	-	-	
Restructuring Revenue	-	-	
_	22.800	152.554	25,186
Total General Government Services	22,800	152.556	23,180
DROTECTIVE CERVICES			
PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			24.224
Other (fire fees)	36,000	57.704	31.334
Total Fees and Charges	36,000	57,704	31,334
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	-	-
Other	_	-	
Total other segmented revenue	36.000	57.704	31.334
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	_	_	_
Local government	_	_	_
Other (donations)	<u>-</u>	2.433	
Total Conditional Grants		2,433	
	26,000		21.224
Total Operating	36.000	60.137	31,334
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Local government	-	-	-
Other	Section 2	-	-
Total Capital		-	-
	_		_
Restructuring Revenue	·		
Total Protective Services	36.000	60,137	31.334



### SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

with comparative rightes	2023	2023	2022
	Budget	Actual	Actual
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES	Dudget	<u> </u>	Itetual
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Custom work	\$ 10.000	5.173	12.859
Sale of gravel and supplies	5.000	20,159	4.793 8.658
Road Maintenance and Restoration Agreements	10.000	21,811	18.955
Other (gravel extraction fee) Total Fees and Charges	25,000	47.143	45.265
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-5.000	-	
Other	•	<u>-</u>	
Total other segmented revenue	25,000	47.143	45,265
Conditional Grants			
Primary Weight Corridor	-	_	~
Student employment	-	-	-
Other			
Total Conditional Grants			•
Total Operating	25,000	47.143	45.265
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	48.400	46.236	21.197
MREP (Heavy Haul, CTP, Municipal Bridges)	25,280	25.280	25,280
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	27,000
Other (MAMP)	73.680	71.516	73,477
Total Capital	75.000	71.510	13,477
Restructuring Revenue		<del> </del>	
Total Transportation Services	98,680	118,659	118,742
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Waste and Disposal Fees	4,000	3.016	4,289
Other	- 1000	7.016	1.200
Total Fees and Charges	4.000	3.016	4,289
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	- 4.500	0.100	- 2 0 10
Other (MMSW)	6,720	9.199	6.948
Total other segmented revenue	10.720	12,215	11.237
Conditional Grants			
Student employment TAPD	- -	-	-
Local government	_	- -	-
Other (weed & rat control, channel clearing)	10.000	6.770	11.093
Total Conditional Grants	10.000	6,770	11.093
Total Operating	20.720	18,985	22.330
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
TAPD	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other	-		<u> </u>
Total Capital	-		
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Environmental and Public Health Services Services	20,720	18,985	22.330



### SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

with compar	2023	2023	2022
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Actual</u>
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Maintenance and Development Charges	\$ - 9.500	12,225	17,001
Other (building & development permits) Total Fees and Charges	9,500	12,225	17.001
	7.500	-	17.001
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) Other	•	-	- -
Total other segmented revenue	9.500	12.225	17.001
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	-	-	-
Other	-	<u> </u>	
Total Conditional Grants	•		
Total Operating	9,500	12.225	17,001
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF) Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other	-		
Total Capital	-		-
Restructuring Revenue			_
	9,500	12.225	17.001
Total Planning and Development Services	9.500	12.223	17.001
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Other		<del></del>	
Total Fees and Charges	-	•	-
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	_	8.339
Other (donations) Total other segmented revenue	<del></del>		8.339
Conditional Grants	-		
Student Employment	•	-	_
Local government	-	•	-
Donations	-	-	-
Other (Sask Lottery)	2.000	2.680	3,492
Total Conditional Grants	2.000	2.680	3,492
Total Operating	2,000	2.680	11.831
Capital			
Conditional Grants Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	_	_	_
Local government	- -	-	_
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other (green fund)	13.000	13.500	13.600
Total Capital	13,000	13.500	13,600
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	15.000	16.180	25,431
	\		



### SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022
	<b>Budget</b>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Actual</u>
UTILITY SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Water	\$ -	-	-
Sewer	-	-	•
Other			
Total Fees and Charges	-	-	-
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) Other	-	-	-
Total other segmented revenue	)	-	
_			
Conditional Grants			
Student employment Other	-	-	_
Total Conditional Grants			
Total Operating			_
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	_	_	_
New Building Canada Fund (SCF, NRP)	-	-	-
Clean Water and Wastewater Fund	-	-	_
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other	-	-	
Total Capital		•	-
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Utility Services	-		-
TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$202.700	378.742	240.024
SUMMARY			
Total Other Segmented Revenue	\$ 104.020	281.843	138.362
Total Conditional Grants	12.000	11.883	14.585
Total Capital Grants and Contributions	86,680	85.016	87,077
Restructuring Revenue	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
TOTAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$202,700	378,742	240.024



### TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

	<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	2023 Actual	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES			
Council remuneration and travel	\$ 46,500	57,444	42,311
Wages and benefits	230,500	233.318	180.211
Professional/Contractual services	146,700	119.224	130,451
Utilities	10,000	9,721	9,303
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating	2,000	4.605	2,923
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	<u>-</u>	1,449	1,449
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	2,200	3.244	4,407
Allowance for uncollectibles		4.889	
General Government Services	437,900	433.894	371.055
Restructuring			
Total General Government Services	437.900	433,894	371.055
PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
Police protection			
Wages and benefits	-	-	-
Professional/Contractual services	46.100	45.406	40,652
Utilities	-	-	-
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating	-	-	-
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	-	•	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	•	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Fire protection			
Wages and benefits	13.050	10.310	13,251
Professional/Contractual services	9.100	17.341	7.921
Utilities	12,700	11,528	12,452
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	22,950	18,153	8,232
Grants and contributions -operating	-	-	-
-capital	-	**	-
Amortization	-	12.213	11,355
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Other			
Protective Services	103,900	114,951	93,863
Restructuring		-	
Total Protective Services	103.900	114,951	93.863



### TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

		2023 Budget	2023 Actual	2022 <u>Actual</u>
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES				
Wages and benefits	\$	560,000	530.473	480.540
Professional/Contractual services		101.500	88.041	118.940
Utilities		10.450	11.189	10.080
Maintenance, materials, and supplies		438.800	385.564	435.063
Gravel		800.000	617.264	374.317
Grants and contributions -operating -capital		-	-	•
Amortization		*	469.188	483.878
Accretion of asset retirement obligations		-	-	-
Interest		6.000	24,871	5.772
Other		1.017.750	2.12(.500)	1,000,500
Transportation Services		1.916.750	2.126.590	1.908.590
Restructuring				
Total Transportation Services	:	1,916.750	2.126.590	1.908,590
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES				
Wages and benefits		6.600	7.342	6.515
Professional/Contractual services		33,500	37.468	26.752
Utilities		-	-	-
Maintenance, materials, and supplies		-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating		1,500	1,500	
Waste disposal Public health		9,000	8,570	5,999
-capital		2.000	0.570	5.777
Waste disposal		_	2	_
Public health		-	-	_
Amortization		-	-	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations		-	-	-
Interest		-	-	-
Other	_	-	<del></del>	-
Environmental and Public Health Services		50,600	54,880	39.266
Restructuring	_			-
Total Environmental and Public Health Services		50,600	54,880	39.266
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES Wages and benefits		_	-	-
Professional/Contractual services		10,000	9,860	46,101
Grants and contributions -operating		-	-	-
-capital		-	-	-
Amortization		-	-	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations		-	-	-
Interest		-	-	-
Other	_	10.000	0.046	-
Planning and Development Services		10.000	9,860	46,101
Restructuring	-	-	-	-
Total Planning and Development Services	_	10.000	9.860	46,101



### TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

	<u>2023</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2022</u> <u>Actual</u>
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	\$ -	-	-
Professional/Contractual services	990	406	4.671
Utilities	-	-	-
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating	26.100	31.176	24.984
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	-	10.349	7.183
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Allowance for uncollectibles Other (hamlet activities)	58,330	48,500	46.661
Recreation and Cultural Services	85,420	90,431	83,499
	05,420	70,+31	0.3.477
Restructuring	07.420	20.121	
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	85.420	90.431	83,499
UTILITY SERVICES Wages and benefits	-	-	-
Professional/Contractual services	-	-	-
Utilities	-	-	-
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating	-	-	-
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	-	•	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Allowance for uncollectibles Other	-	-	-
Utility Services			<del>i</del>
•	-	-	-
Restructuring	-	-	<del></del>
Total Utility Services		·	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION	\$2.604.570	2.830.606	2,542,374



113 305

### RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF LEASK NO. 464

Schedule 4

### SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2023

	2000	Description		Environmental	Olomaina	Dagastica and		
	Government	Services	Services	Health	Development	Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and charges	\$ 53,545	57,704	47,143	3.016	12,225	1	t	173,633
Tangible capital asset sales - Gain (loss)	79,703	1	ı	1	ı	ŀ	ı	79,703
Land sales - Gain (loss)	(2,461)	ı	,	,	,	1	ı	(2,461)
Investment income	21,769	ı	,	1	1	,		21,769
Commissions	ī	1		1	•	ı	ı	
Other revenues		1	•	661.6	•		1	661.6
Grants - Conditional	,	2,433	•	6,770	1	2.680	1	11,883
Grants - Capital	1	1	71.516	ı	ı	13.500		85,016
Restructurings		1		1				
Total revenues	152.556	60,137	118.659	18,985	12,225	16.180		378,742
Expenses (Schedule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	290,762	10,310	530.473	7.342	1	1	1	838,887
Professional/Contractual Services	119,224	62,747	88.041	37.468	098.6	406	,	317,746
Utilities	9,721	11,528	11.189	1	ı	•	,	32,438
Maintenance, materials and supplies		18.153	1.002.828	ı	1	48,500	1	1,069,481
Grants and contributions	4,605	1	t	10,070	***	31,176	1	45,851
Amortization	1,449	12,213	469,188	•	,	10,349	1	493,199
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	ı	1	t	,	1	1		
Interest	3.244	,	24.871	1	1	F	5	28,115
Allowance for uncollectibles	4.889	•	1	1	t	1		4,889
Other	ı		•	ı	ſ	1	1	ı
Restructurings				1		1		1
Total expenses	433,894	114,951	2.126.590	54,880	098 6	90,431	ı	2 830 606
Surplus (deficit) by function	(281,338)	(54.814)	(2.007.931)	(35,895)	2.365	(74,251)	-	(2,451,864)
Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)								2,565,169

axation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)

Net surplus (deficit)





(72,309)

### RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF LEASK NO. 464

Schedule 5

### SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2022

				_	Environmental				
	General Government	ral ment	Protective Services	Transportation Services	& Public Health	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)									
Fees and charges	8	18,820	31,334	45.265	4,289	17.001	t	1	116,709
Tangible capital asset sales - Gain (loss)	1		ı		1		٠	•	,
Land sales - Gain (loss)		5.278		t	ı	•	1	•	5,278
Investment income		1.088	1	ı		1			1,088
Commissions	1			•	,	t			,
Other revenues	•		ı	·	8+6.9	1	8.339		15,287
Grants - Conditional	'		,	103	11,093	,	3,492		14,585
	•		1	73.477	,	1	13,600		87,077
turings	'	I					ſ		1
Total revenues		25.186	31.334	118,742	22,330	17.001	25,431	1	240.024
Expenses (Schedule 3)									
Wages & Benefits	'n	222,522	13,251	480,540	6.515	•	1	•	722,828
Professional/Contractual Services	_	130,451	48.573	118.940	26,752	46,101	4,671	1	375,488
Utilities		9,303	12,452	10.080		1	t	ı	31,835
Maintenance, materials and supplies	•		8,232	809.380	1	ı	46.661	ı	864,273
Grants and contributions		2,923	ı	•	5,999	1	24.984	4	33,906
Amortization		1,449	11,355	483.878	•		7,183	ı	503,865
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	,		,	,	1	ı	1	t	•
Interest		4,407	i	5.772	•	•	1		10,179
Allowance for uncollectibles	•		i	•	1	1	1		1
Other	'		,		,		t	•	
Restructurings					•	2		1	
Total expenses	3	371.055	93.863	1.908.590	39.266	46,101	83,499		2,542,374
Surplus (deficit) by function	(3)	(345.869)	(62,529)	(1.789,848)	(16.936)	(29,100)	(58.068)		(2,302,350)
Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)									2.230,041

Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)

Net surplus (deficit)



## SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY OBJECT

**Year ended December 31, 2023** with comparative figures for 2022

				2023					2022
			General Assets			Infrastructure Assets	General / Infrastructure		
	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery & Equipment	Linear Assets	Assets Under Construction	Total	Total
Asset cost				,					
Opening asset costs	\$ 87,858	\$ 64.613	87,952	348,577	1,810,280	9,135,975	1,750	11,537,005	11,105,910
Additions during the year	1	1	31,516	68.794	702,733	,	r	803,043	431,095
Disposals and write-downs during the year	•	1		(35.575)	(350,210)	ı		(385,785)	1
Transfers (from) assets under construction	•	i		ŧ	(40)	1	•	1	,
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)				•	x		•	1	r
Closing asset costs	87,858	8 64,613	119,468	381,796	2.162.803	9,135,975	1,750	11,954,263	11.537.005
Accumulated amortization cost									
Opening accumulated amortization costs	•	10,049	76.163	192.883	1,130,104	5.731,357	ı	7,140,556	6,636,691
Add: Amortization taken		3,599	383	32,000	223,563	233,654	1	493,199	503,865
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	1		1	(26.102)	(315.186)	•	1	(341,288)	1
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)	•	1	1					1	
Closing accumulated amortization costs	1	13.648	76.546	198,781	1.038,481	5.965.011		7.292.467	7.140.556
Net book value \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\$ 87.858 1 2023:	\$0.965	42.922	183.015	1.124.322	3,170,964	1.750	4.661.796	4,396,449
List of assets recognized at nominal value in 2023 are:     -Infrastructure Assets     -Vehicles     -Wachinery and Equipment     3. Amount of interest capitalized in 2023:	n 2023 are:		 						



# SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

**Year ended December 31, 2023** with comparative figures for 2022

					2023					2022
	ات ا	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Water & Sewer	Total	Total
Asset cost										
Opening asset costs	€-	47,994	134,650	11,118,576	578		235,207	1	11,537,005	11,105,910
Additions during the year		5.178	12.603	769,341	•	•	15,921	1	803,043	431,095
Disposals and write-downs during the year		1	•	(385.785)	•	•		i	(385,785)	ı
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)	ļ	1		1						1
Closing asset costs	1	53 172	147.253	11,502,132	578	1	251,128		11,954,263	11,537,005
Accumulated amortization cost										
Opening accumulated amortization costs		41,956	51.567	7.022.765		ı	24,268	•	7,140,556	6,636,691
Add: Amortization taken		1,449	12,213	469.188		-04	10.349	,	493,199	503,865
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals				(341,288)	1		ı		(341,288)	1
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)	l				-	,				t
Closing accumulated amortization costs		43,405	63,780	7 150 665		1	34,617		7 292,467	7,140,556
Net book value	<del>6∕</del>	9.767	83.473	4.351,467	578		216,511		4 661 796	4,396,449



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### SCHEDULE OF ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

### Year ended December 31, 2023

	<u>2022</u>	Changes	<u>2023</u>
UNAPPROPRIATED SURPLUS	\$_1,074,468	281,250	1,355,718
APPROPRIATED RESERVES  Machinery and equipment	217,889	-	217,889
Public reserve Capital trust	22,112	-	22,112
Utility Other (Buildings)	8,624		8,624
Total Appropriated	248,625	-	248,625
ORGANIZED HAMLETS Hamlet of Pelican Cove	70,653	-	70,653
NET INVESTMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS  Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6)  Less: Related debt	4,396,449 (208.159)	265,347 (433,292)	4,661,796 (641,451)
Net Investment in Tangible Capital Assets	4.188.290	(167.945)	4.020,345
Accumulated Surplus excluding remeasurement gains (losses)	\$_5.582,036	113,305	5,695,341



### SCHEDULE OF MILL RATES AND ASSESSMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2023 with comparative figures for 2022

	Total	208,035,385	208.035.385	10988					2,001,063
	Potash Mine(s)	1							Shift and a state
	Commercial & Industrial	4,189,905		1.7500					75,523
'Y CLASS	Seasonal Residential	48,050,120		0.860 & 1.000					308,538
PROPERTY CLASS	Residential Condominium	1		I					1
	Residential	25,199,260		0.860 & 1.000		1			218 057
	Agriculture	\$ 130,596,100		1.0400 0.860					\$ 1398945
		Taxable Assessment	Regional Park Assessment Total Assessment	Mill Rate Factor(s)	Total Base/Minimum Tax (generated for each property	class)	Total Municipal Tax Levy	(include base and/or minimum	tax and special levies)

MILLS	619.6	2.630		10.300
MILL RATES:	Average Municipal*	Average School*	Potash Mill Rate	Uniform Municipal Mill Rate

\* Average Mill Rates (multiply the total tax levy for each taxing authority by 1000 and divide by the total assessment for the taxing authority)



### SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL REMUNERATION

### Year ended December 31, 2023

with comparative figures for 2022

Position	Name	Ren	<u>nuneration</u>	Reimbursed <u>Costs</u>	<u>Total</u>
Reeve	Craig Hamilton	\$	14,425	4,457	18,882
Councillor	Real Diehl		4,738	1,759	6,497
Councillor	Brian Watier		700	164	864
Councillor	Clarke Gossen		5,906	2,312	8,218
Councillor	Keith Junk		1.650	1,087	2,737
Councillor	Joan Sanftleben		5.144	1,633	6,777
Councillor	Gord Stieb		4,150	1,405	5,555
Councillor	Matthew McNeice		1,000	405	1,405
Councillor	Ronald Haworth		2,706	1,360	4,066
Total		\$	40,419	14.582	55,001

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.



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